

December 2, 2020

The Honorable Danny Davis U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Tammy Baldwin U.S. Senate Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Lucille Roybal-Allard U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Sherrod Brown U.S. Senate Washington, DC 20510 The Honorable Bob Casey U.S. Senate Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representative Davis, Representative Roybal-Allard, Senator Casey, Senator Baldwin and Senator Brown:

On behalf of over 110 organizations dedicated to reducing child poverty in the United States, we thank you for your leadership in reintroducing the Child Poverty Reduction Act (S. 4115/H.R. 7419), which would codify a national target to cut the U.S. child poverty rate in half within a decade.

No child in the world's wealthiest nation should go to bed hungry or be deprived of clean air or be without the opportunities that come from having a safe, affordable place to call home.

Yet even before the outbreak of the COVID-19 health emergency, child poverty was a moral crisis in the United States that affected each and every one of us. Our child poverty rate remains consistently higher than that of our peer countries, and children in the United States continue to experience poverty at a rate 54 percent higher than adults. Due to our country's long history of systemic racism and discrimination, poverty rates for children of color are nearly three times that of white children. Annual child poverty figures from the U.S. Census Bureau underestimate the problem, for families with children living at twice the official poverty threshold still lack enough income to make ends meet.

The pandemic and resulting economic crisis have only served to expose and further exacerbate these existing inequities in our society. New data tells us that an additional 2.5 million children are living in poverty than before the pandemic. The U.S. economy is down over 11 million jobs, with many more workers underemployed and seeing reduced paychecks. Households of color with children are being hit the hardest by unemployment, as well as experiencing higher rates of infection and fatality from COVID-19 as parents are over-represented as essential workers and often lack access to paid sick leave. The closure of schools and childcare centers are leaving parents and guardians with few options for childcare and wraparound services while also creating widening education gaps.

Aid passed by Congress has helped – research from Columbia's Center on Poverty & Social Policy finds that provisions in the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, specifically expansion to unemployment benefits and the establishment of one-time Recovery Rebate payments, may have prevented child poverty from temporarily spiking. Yet this assistance has expired without additional action from Congress, and we know that many children and families continue to face significant economic hardship, including high rates of hunger and housing insecurity.

Growing up in poverty has life-long consequences for a child's physical and mental health and economic well-being. In addition to negative consequences for individual children, child poverty has serious economic implications, costing our country approximately \$1 trillion a year. Yet a 2019 landmark study from the nonpartisan National Academies of Sciences, Engineering and Medicine confirms that we know how to reduce child poverty in the United States, we just lack the political will to act. Written by our nation's leading experts on child poverty, A Roadmap to Reducing Child Poverty models a set of policy and program changes that, if implemented, would cut our child poverty rate in half within a decade.

The Child Poverty Reduction Act establishes a framework for holding our nation's decisionmakers accountable to reducing child poverty by codifying a commitment to cut our national child poverty rate in half within a decade and directing the National Academy of Sciences to issue annual reports on progress towards this goal.

The effectiveness of targets in reducing child poverty is well-established. The <u>United Kingdom cut its child poverty rate in half between 1999 and 2008</u> and before the outbreak of COVID-19, <u>Canada had reduced child poverty by over a third in since 2015</u>. There is also momentum here in the United States, with <u>campaigns in several states</u> dedicated to reducing child poverty.

Other provisions of the Child Poverty Reduction Act include:

- Requiring the U.S. Census Bureau to develop an anchored Supplemental Poverty Measure to use to annually track progress on child poverty that includes data on children in the U.S. territories;
- Directing the National Academy of Sciences to establish a Child Poverty Reduction Strategy Clearinghouse;
- Mandating the National Academy of Sciences to update A Roadmap to Reducing Child Poverty within three
 years;
- Directing the National Academy of Sciences to publish a new consensus study on policies to reduce long-term, intergenerational child poverty.

The future of our nation depends on the well-being and success of our children. We are grateful for your leadership in making child poverty reduction a priority, and we look forward to working with you to improve the well-being of America's children and youth. For additional information, please don't hesitate to visit www.endchildpovertyus.org or contact Cara Baldari, VP of Family Economics at First Focus Campaign for Children, at carab@firstfocus.org.

Sincerely,

NATIONAL GROUPS

AIDS Alliance for Women, Infants, Children, Youth & Families American Academy of Pediatrics
American Federation of Teachers
Association of Children's Residential Centers
Association of Educational Service Agencies
Association of Farmworker Opportunity Programs
Center for Law and Social Policy (CLASP)
Child Labor Coalition
Child Welfare League of America
Children's Advocacy Institute
Children's Health Fund
Children's HealthWatch

Children's Rights

Children's Trust Fund Alliance

Coalition on Human Needs

Educare Learning Network

Every Child Matters

Family Focused Treatment Association

Families USA

Family Promise

First Focus Campaign for Children

Friends Committee on National Legislation

Institute of Limbic Health

Juvenile Law Center

Limbic Legacy: Neuroscience for Emotional Health

Low Income Investment Fund

The National Alliance to Advance Adolescent Health

National Association for the Education of Young Children

National Association of Counties

National Association of Counsel for Children

National Center for Children in Poverty, Bank Street Graduate School of Education

National Center for Youth Law

National Children's Campaign

National Community Action Partnership

National Consumers League

National Diaper Bank Network

National Education Association

National Family Support Network

National Network for Youth

National Prevention Science Coalition to Improve Lives

National Rural Education Advocacy Consortium

National Rural Education Association

National WIC Association

NETWORK Lobby for Catholic Social Justice

Nurse-Family Partnership

Oxfam America

Public Advocacy for Kids

RESULTS

Save the Children Action Network

SchoolHouse Connection

The School Superintendents Association

Share Our Strength

Shriver Center on Poverty Law

Start Early

Union for Reform Judaism

United Way Worldwide

ZERO TO THREE

STATE and LOCAL GROUPS

Arizona

Valley of the Sun United Way

California

California Alliance of Child and Family Services

California Association of Food Banks

Catholic Charities of Santa Clara County

California Latinas for Reproductive Justice

Children Now

Children's Institute (Los Angeles)

The Children's Movement Fresno

End Child Poverty California/The GRACE Institute

Journey House

South Bay Community Services (Chula Vista)

Valley Oak Children's Services

Colorado

Colorado Children's Campaign

Connecticut

Connecticut Juvenile Justice Alliance

<u>Delaware</u>

Christian Council of Delmarva

District of Columbia

RESULTS DC

Florida

Florida Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics, Inc. Miami Diaper Bank

Hawaii

Hawai'i Children's Action Network

Kansas

FosterAdopt Connect Kansas Action for Children United Way of Flint Hills (Emporia)

Illinois

Children's Home & Aid Prevent Child Abuse Illinois Twice as Nice Mother & Child dba Keeping Families Covered (Waukegan)

Louisiana

Agenda for Children (New Orleans) Educare New Orleans Kingsley House (New Orleans)

Maine

Invest in Tomorrow Maine Children's Alliance Maine Community Action Partnership

Michigan

United Way of Montcalm – Ionia Counties United Way of Southeastern Michigan

Missouri

FosterAdopt Connect Kids Win Missouri

New Mexico

New Mexico Voices for Children

New York

Children's Aid Citizens' Committee for Children of New York Schuyler Center on Analysis and Advocacy United Way of Westchester and Putnam

North Carolina

Child Care Services Association

<u>Ohio</u>

United Way of Greater Toledo

Oklahoma

Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

<u>Oregon</u>

Our Children Oregon

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania Partnerships for Children

Rhode Island

Rhode Island KIDS COUNT

South Carolina

SC Appleseed Legal Justice Center

<u>Texas</u>

Austin Diaper Bank

Vermont

Hunger Free Vermont Voices for Vermont's Children

<u>Virginia</u>

Voices for Virginia's Children

Washington

Baby Basics Bellevue Diaper Bank of Skagit County Partners for our Children WestSide Baby (Seattle) United Way of King County

West Virginia

Our Future West Virginia

Wisconsin

Children's Wisconsin
Fond du Lac Area United Way
Kids Forward
Wisconsin Council of Churches
United Way of Dane County
United Way of Shawano County
United Way of Wisconsin